

# Planetary Science Division Status Report



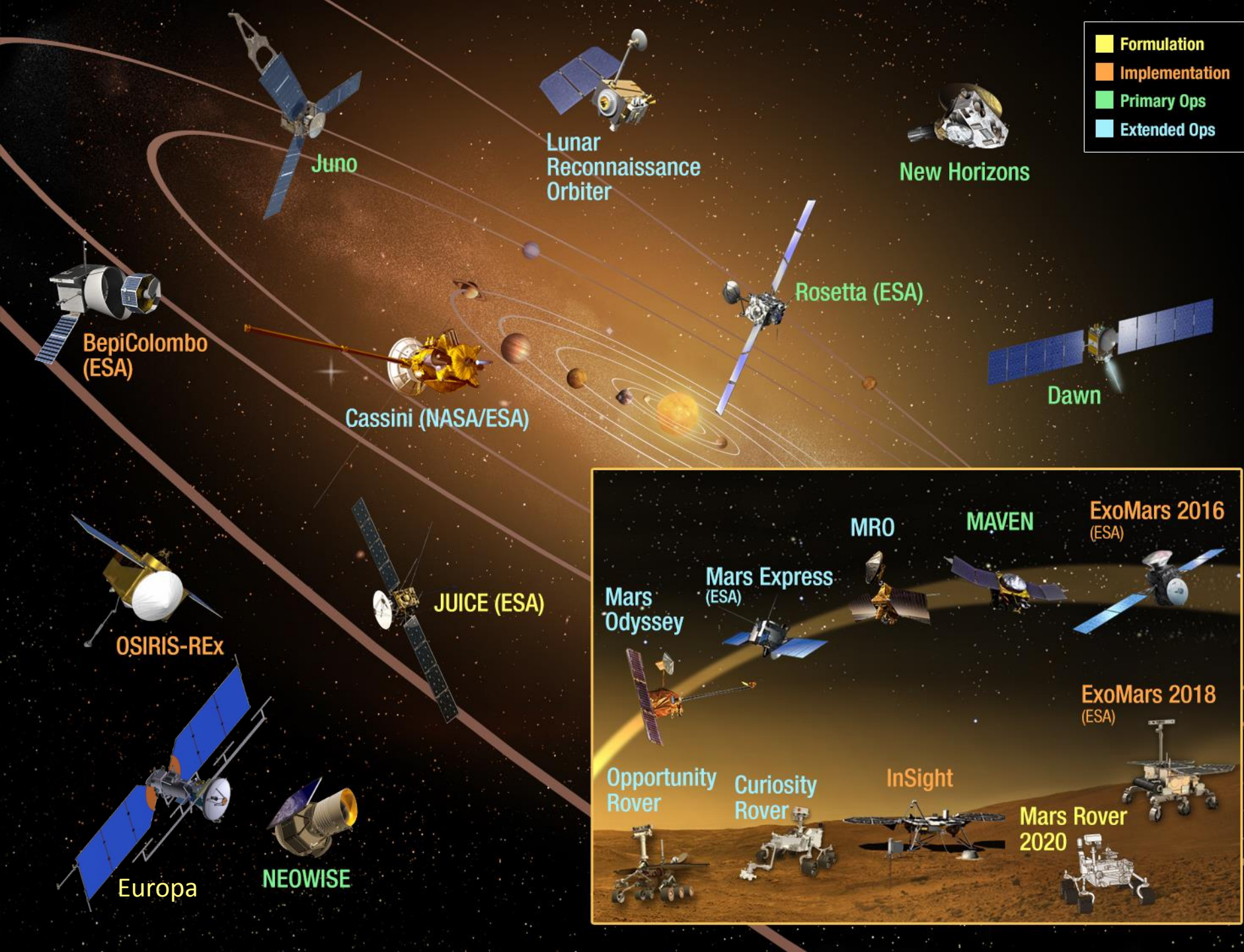
James L. Green  
NASA, Planetary Science Division  
July 27, 2015

Presentation at Science NAC

# Outline

- Mission events & Highlights
- Discovery and New Frontiers Status
- Recent Europa Activities
- Mars Program Status





# Planetary Science Missions Events

## 2014

- July – *Mars 2020* Rover instrument selection announcement \* Completed
- August 6 – 2<sup>nd</sup> Year Anniversary of *Curiosity* Landing on Mars
- September 21 – *MAVEN* inserted in Mars orbit
- October 19 – Comet Siding Spring encountered Mars
- September – *Curiosity* arrives at Mt. Sharp
- November 12 – ESA's *Rosetta* mission lands on Comet Churyumov–Gerasimenko
- December 2/3 – Launch of *Hayabusa-2* to asteroid 1999 JU<sub>3</sub>

## 2015

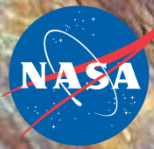
- March 6 – *Dawn* inserted into orbit around dwarf planet Ceres
- April 30 – *MESSENGER* spacecraft impacted Mercury
- May 26 – Europa instrument Step 1 selection
- July 14 – *New Horizons* flies through the Pluto system
- September – Discovery 2014 Step 1 selection
- December 7 – Akatsuki inserted into orbit around Venus

## 2016

- January – Launch of ESA's *ExoMars Trace Gas Orbiter*
- March 4 – Launch of *InSight*
- July 4 – *Juno* inserted in Jupiter orbit
- September – Discovery 2014 Step 2 selection
- September – *InSight* Mars landing
- September – Launch of Asteroid mission *OSIRIS – REx* to asteroid Bennu
- September – *Cassini* begins to orbit between Saturn's rings & planet



# MESSENGER: BY THE NUMBERS



**8.73** BILLION  
miles traveled

**6** FLYBYS  
of the  
inner planets

**32.5** TRIPS  
around  
the Sun

**291,008**  
IMAGES  
returned to Earth

**41.25** MILLION  
SHOTS  
by the Mercury  
Laser Altimeter

**10** TERABYTES  
of science data  
released to public

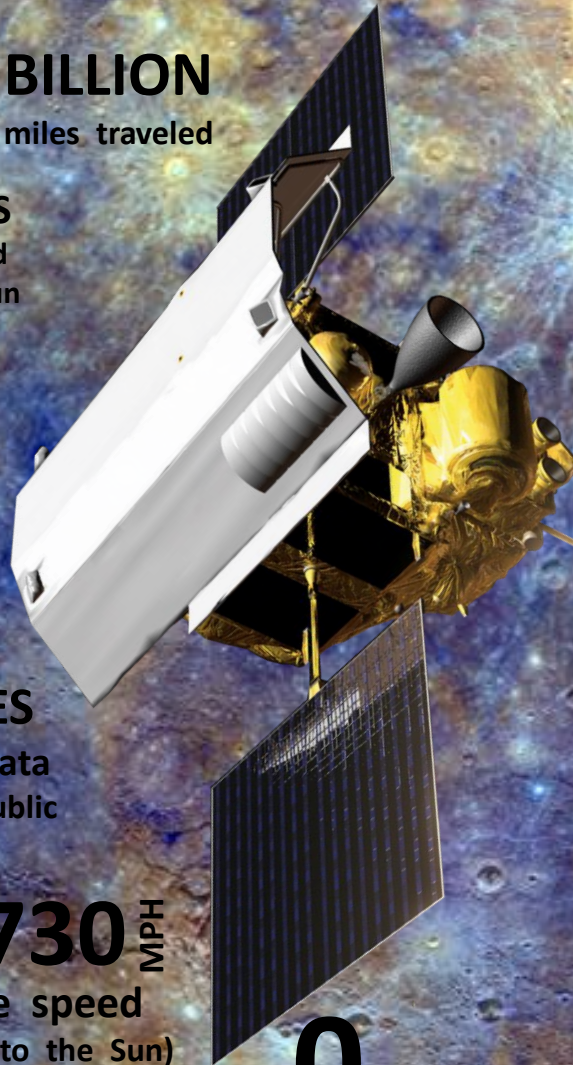
**8** MERCURY  
SOLAR DAYS  
and

**1,504** EARTH  
DAYS  
in orbit

**91,730** MPH  
average speed  
(relative to the Sun)

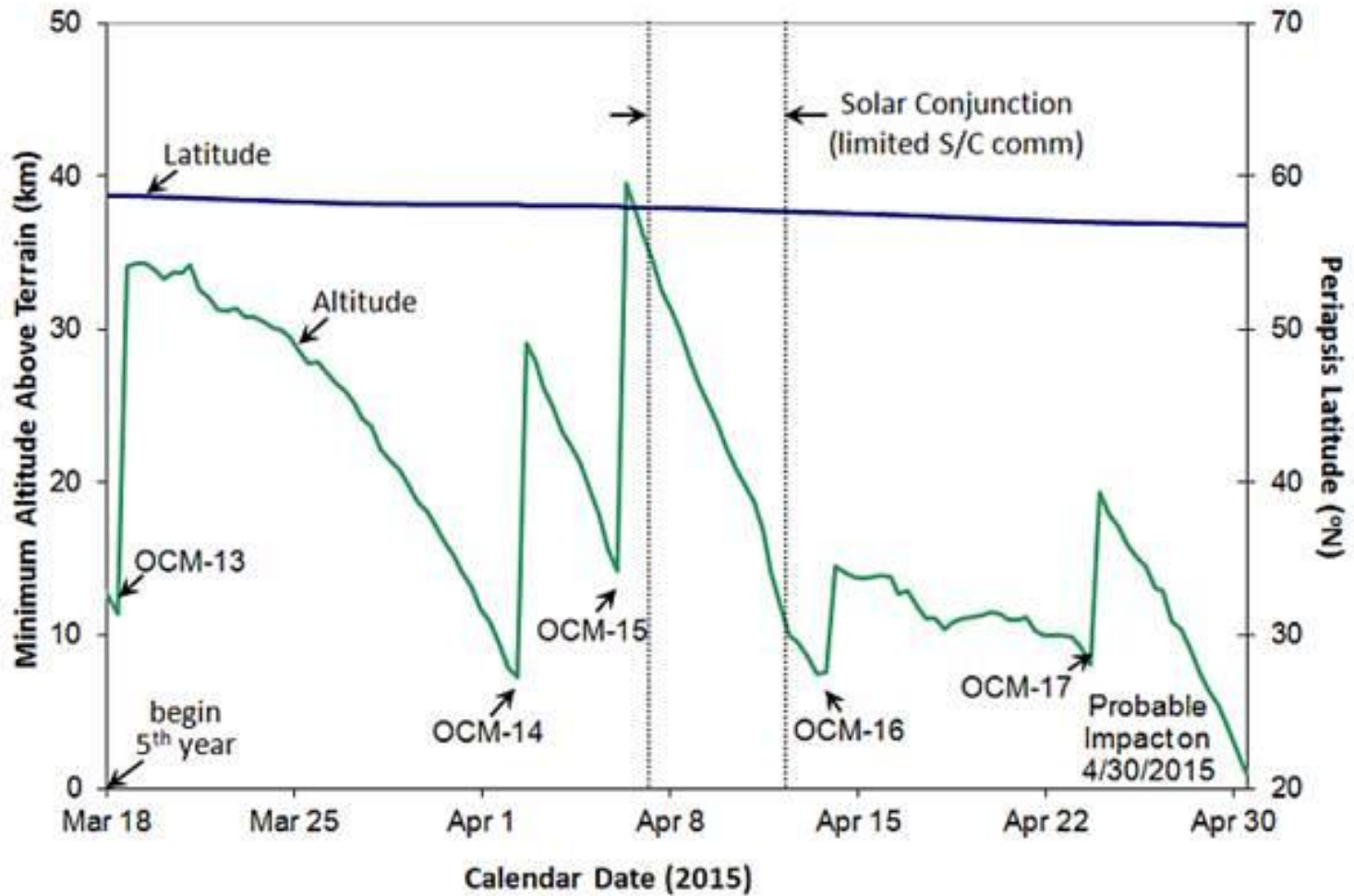
**0** MILES  
lowest altitude  
above Mercury

**4,100**  
ORBITS  
of Mercury  
completed

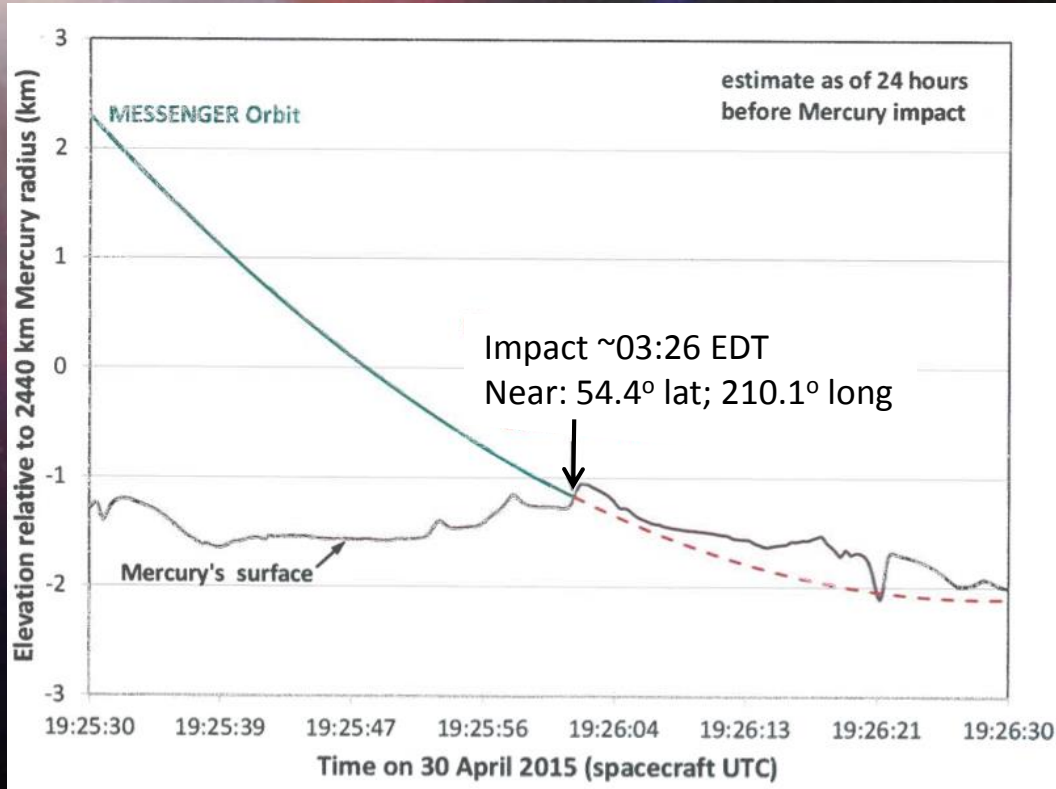
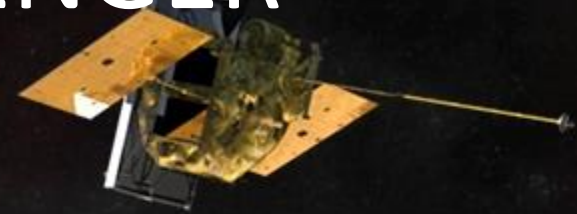




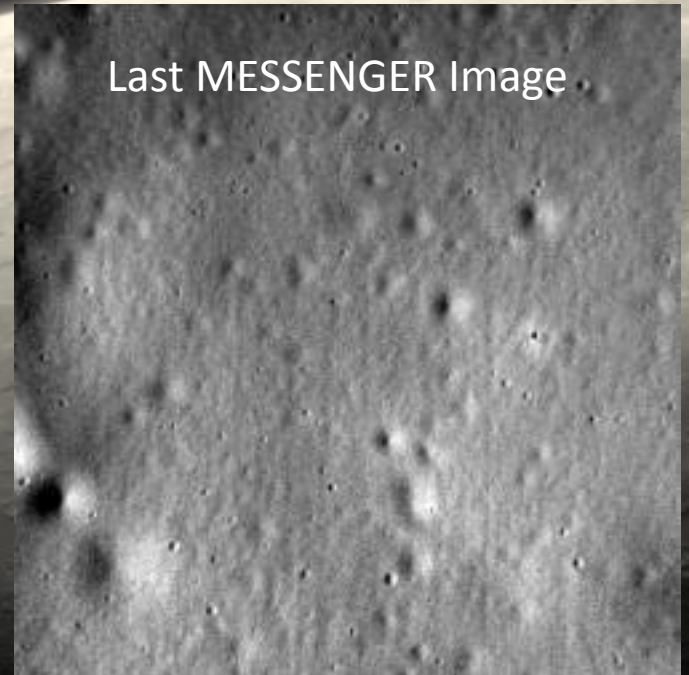
# MESSENGER

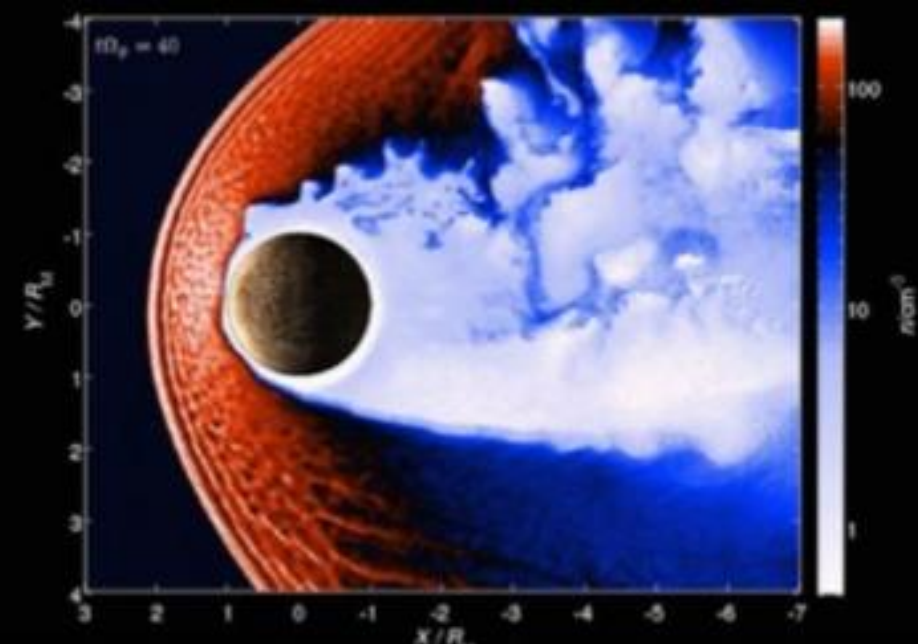


# EOM for MESSENGER

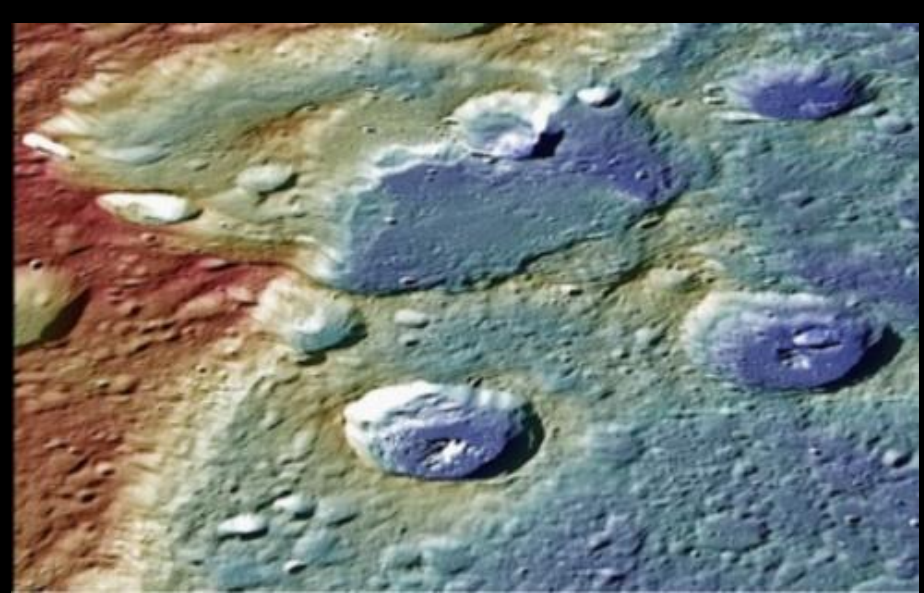


Last MESSENGER Image

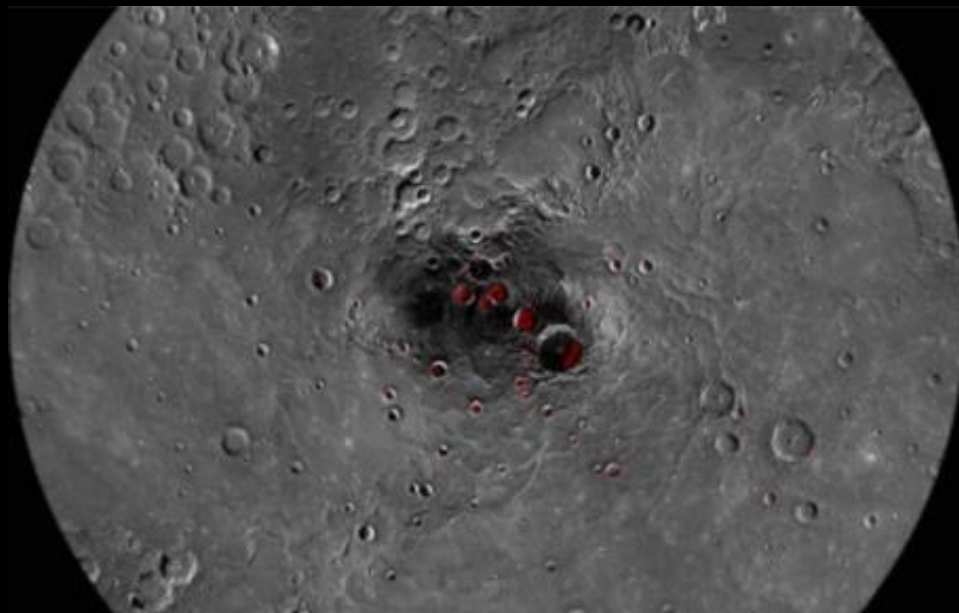




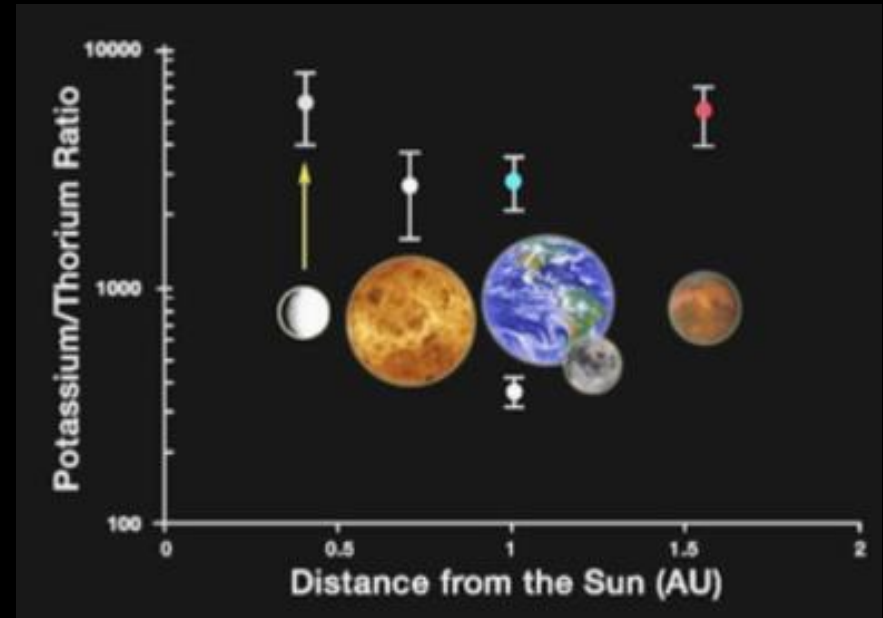
Dynamic Magnetosphere



Global Contraction



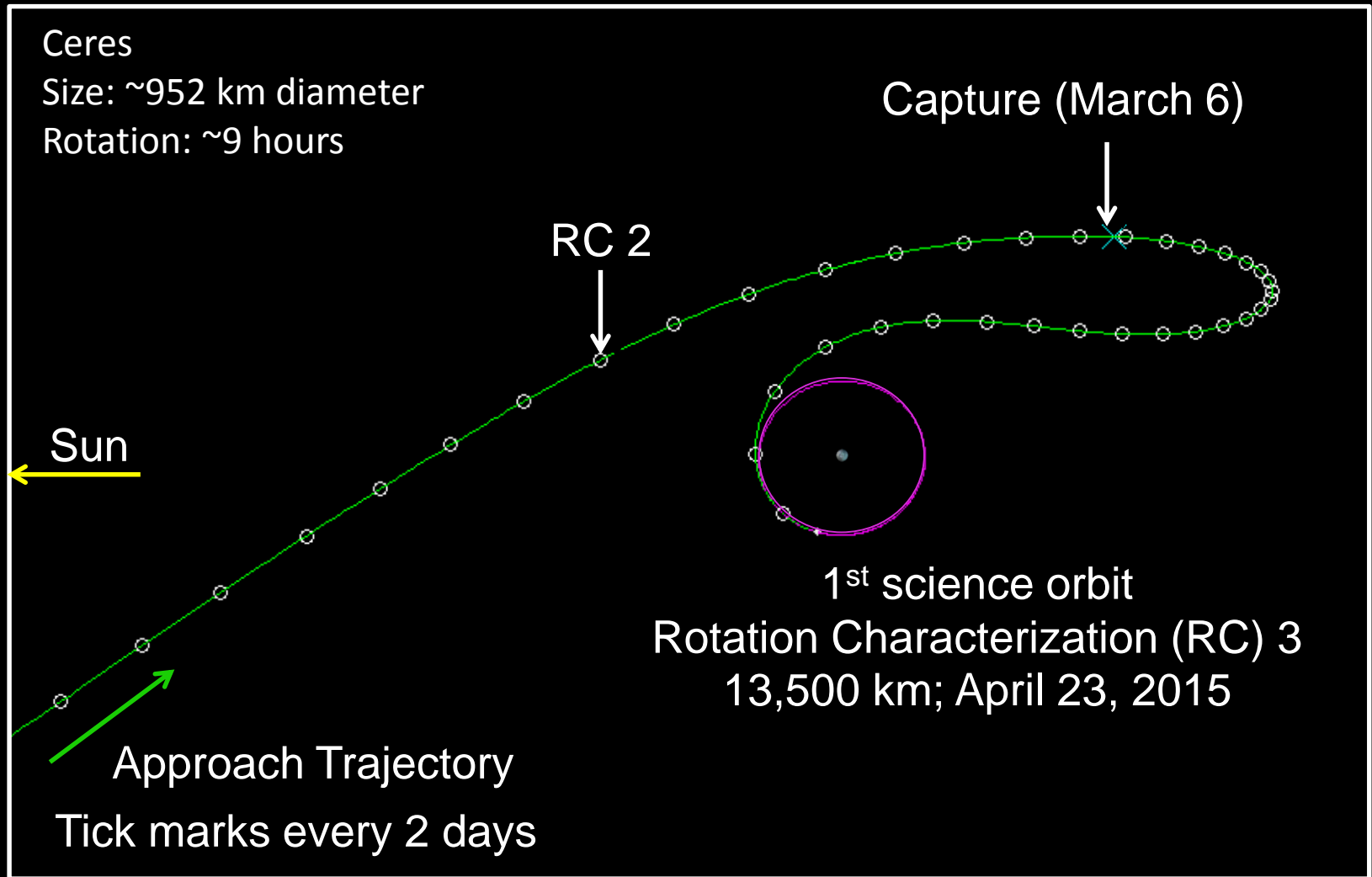
Polar Deposits



Volatile-Rich Planet



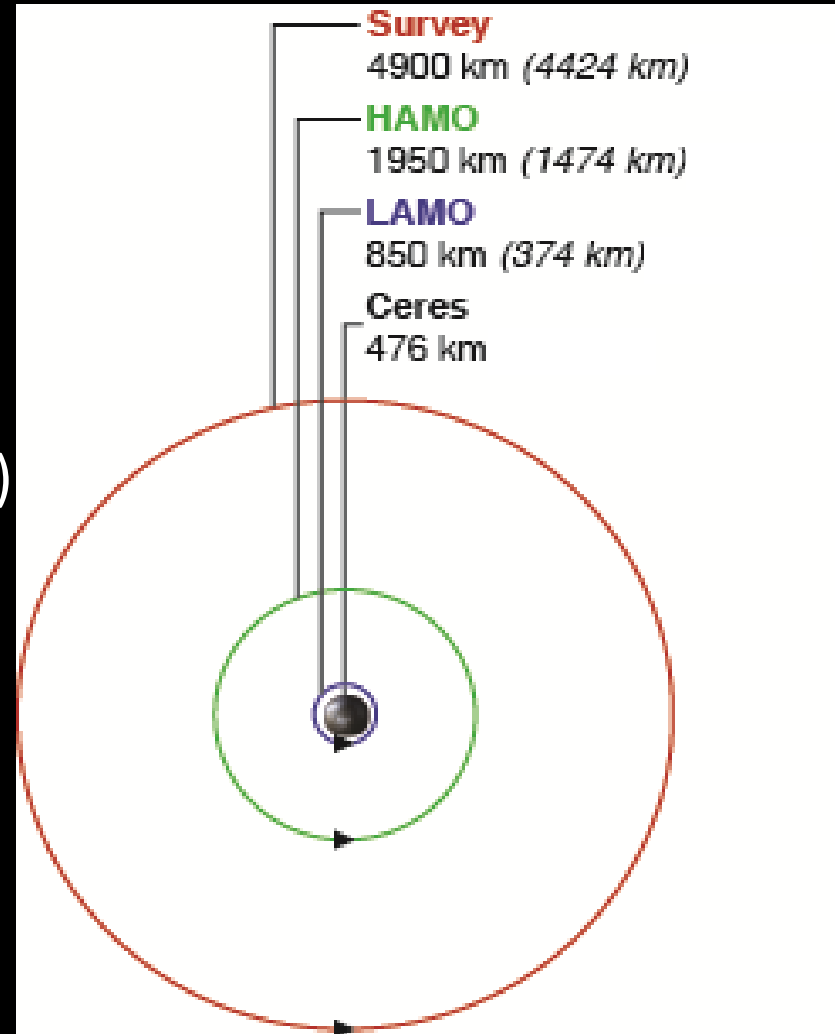
# Dawn's Approach



# Ceres Science Orbits

- Rotation Characterization 3
  - Duration 1 orbit (20 days)
- Survey Orbit – starting June 5th
  - Duration 7 orbits (~22 days)
- *Currently at: ~2900 km*
- High Altitude Mapping Orbit (HAMO)
  - Duration 70 orbits (56 days)
- Low Altitude Mapping Orbit (LAMO)
  - Duration 404 orbits (92 days)

Total of 406 days of operations  
are planned at Ceres

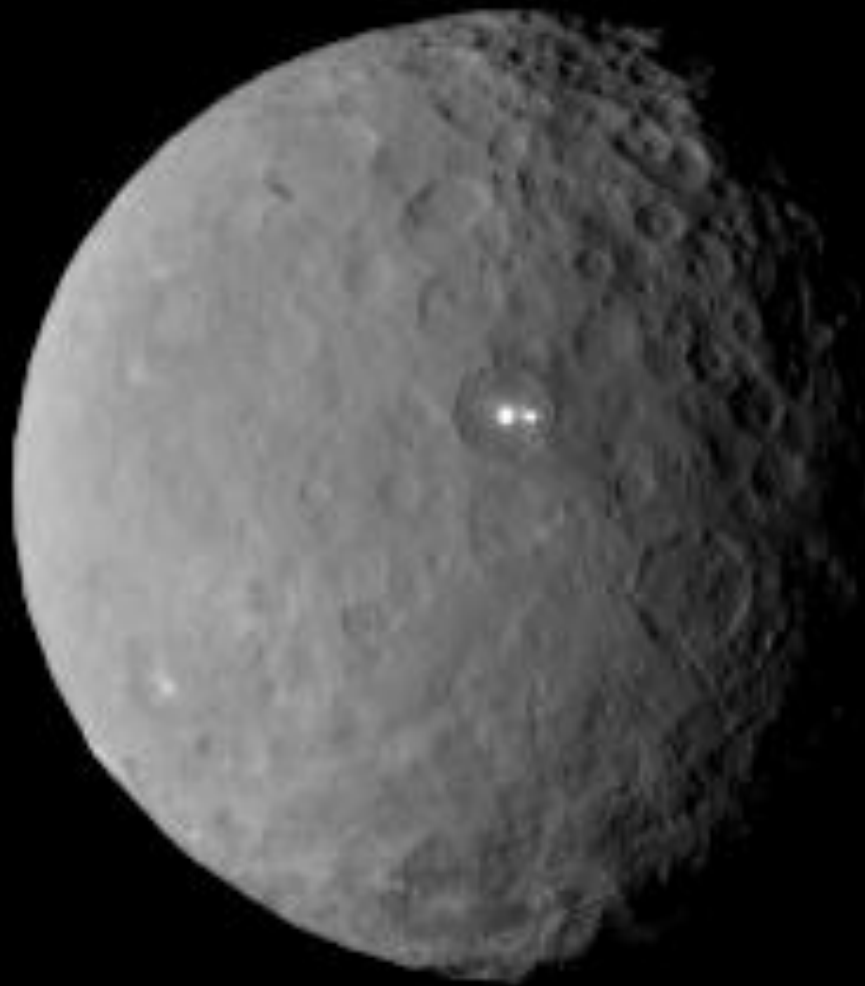




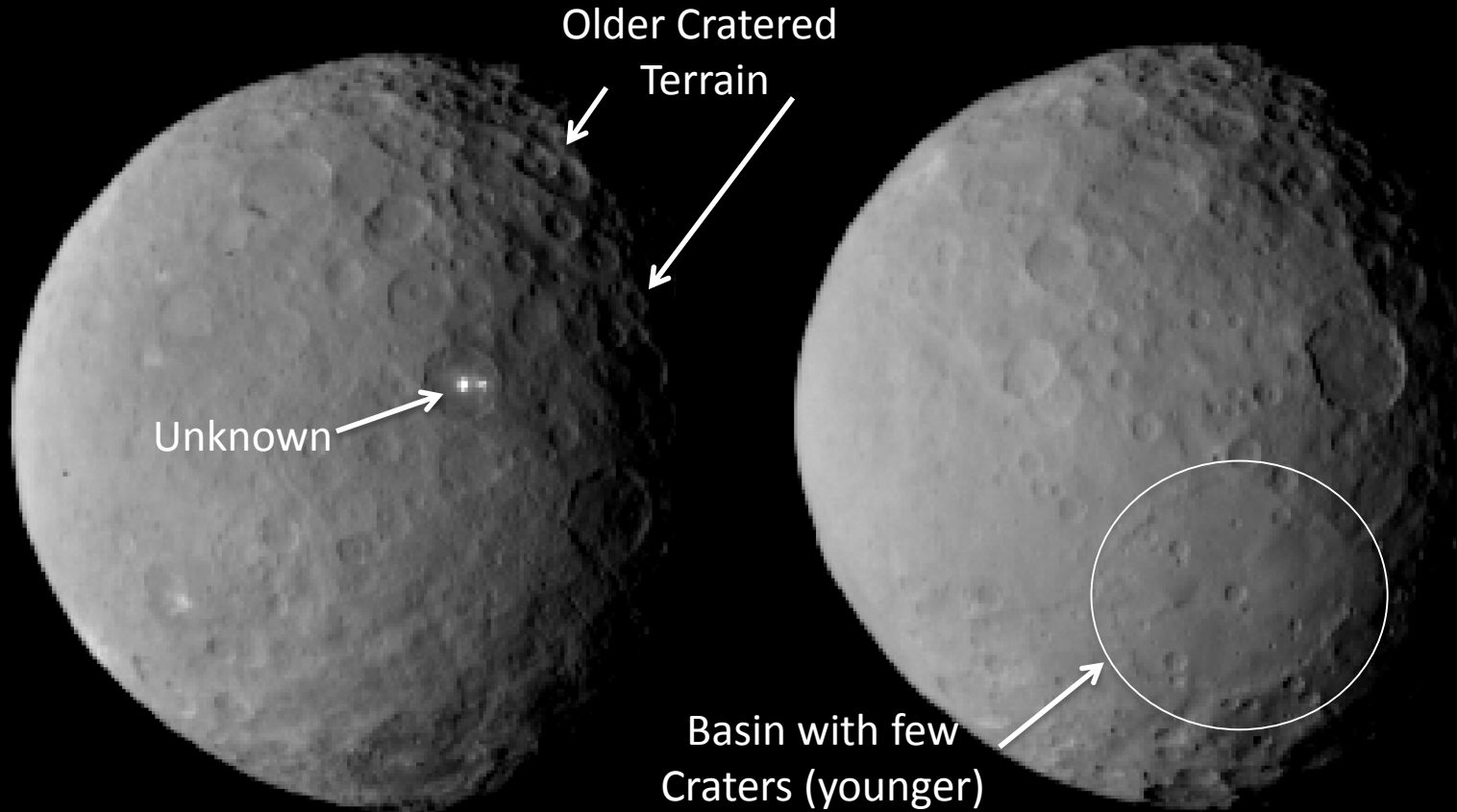
RC 2

Feb 19

7 x Hubble  
Resolution  
(4 km/pixel)

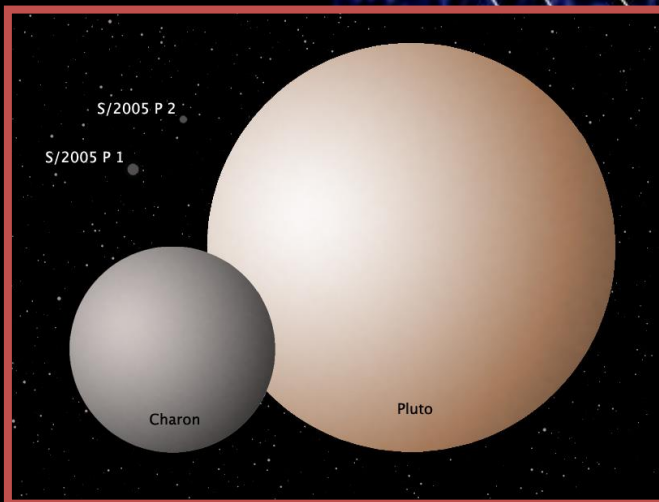
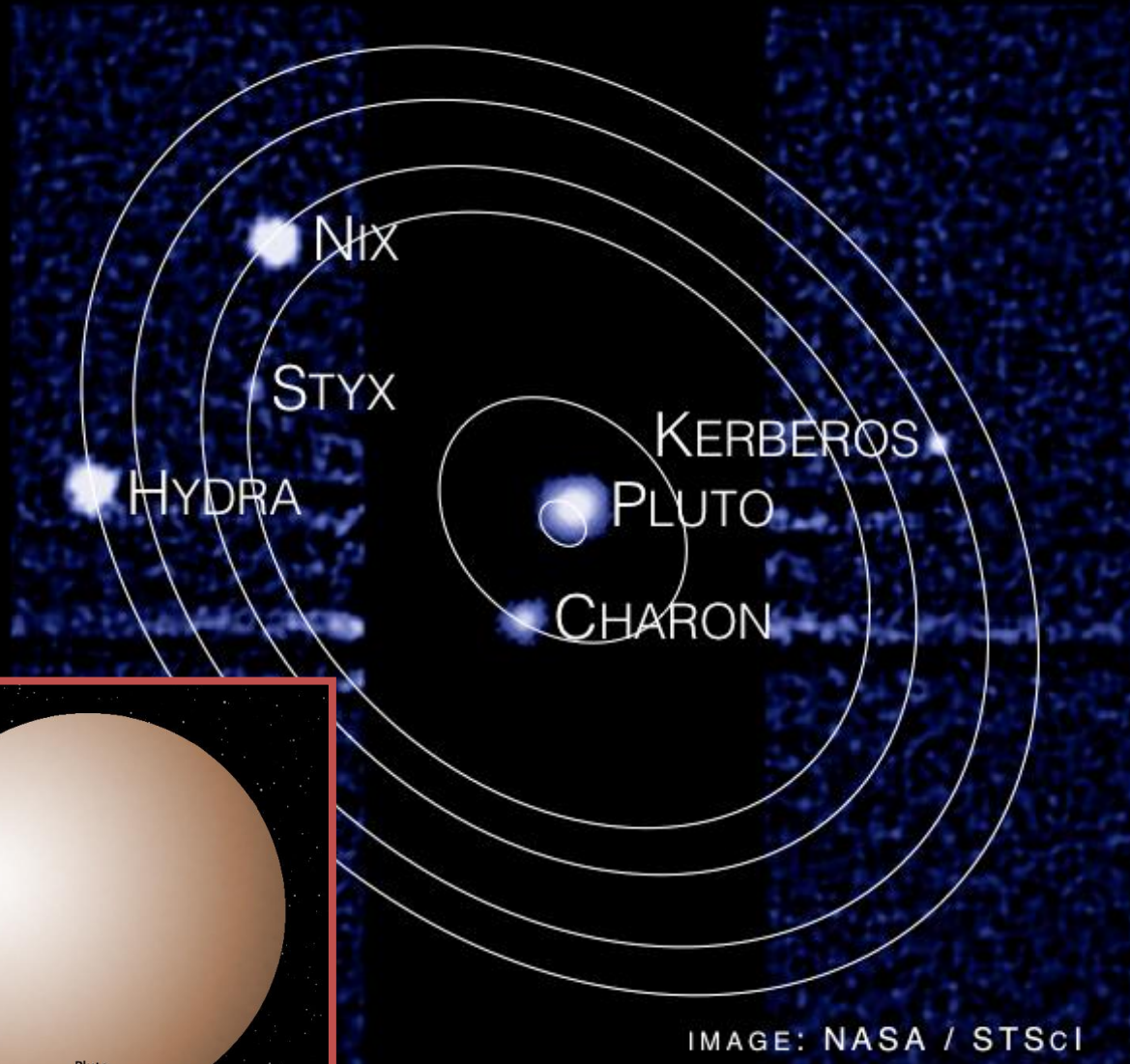


# The Types of Terrain

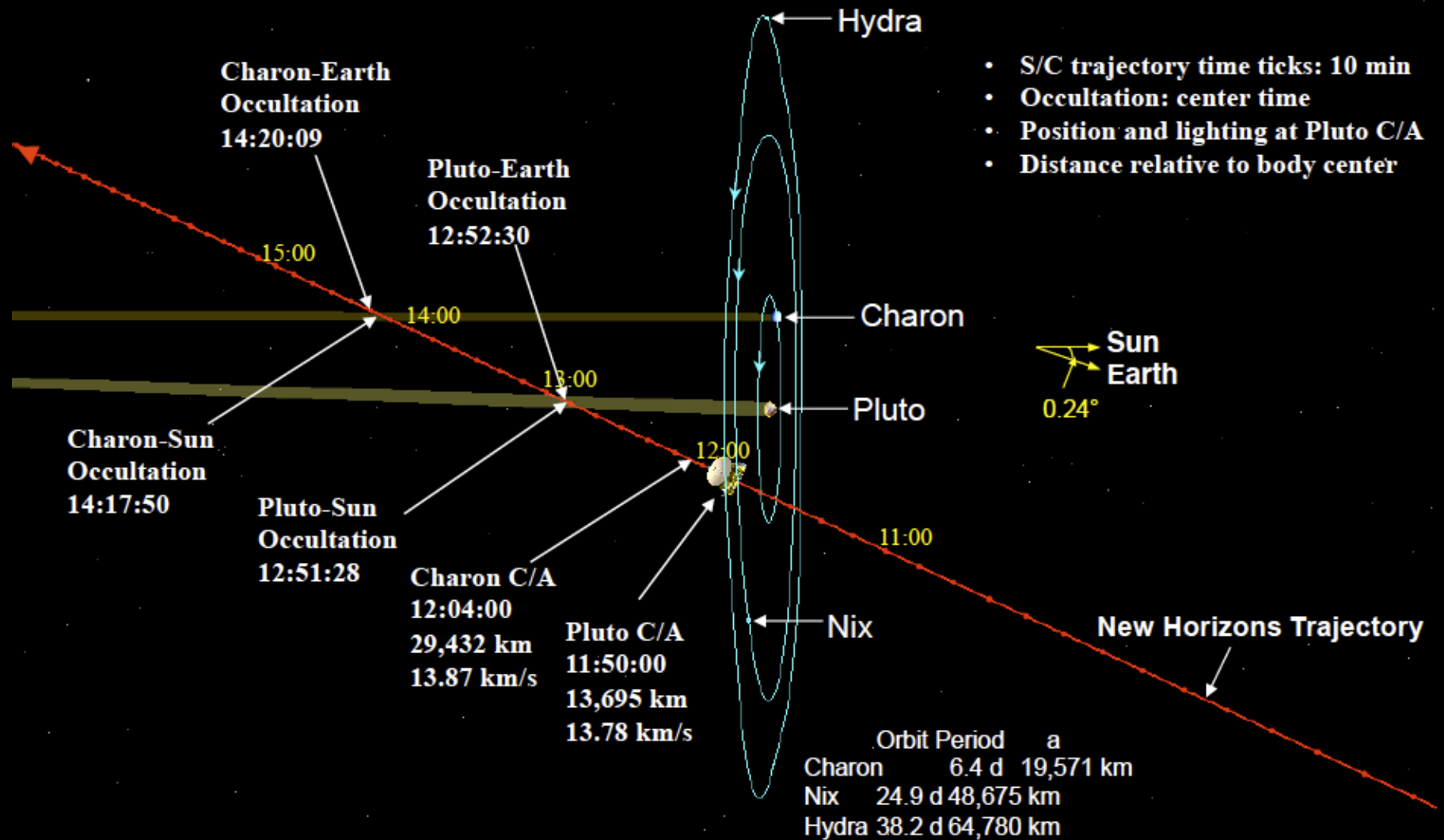




# The New Pluto System

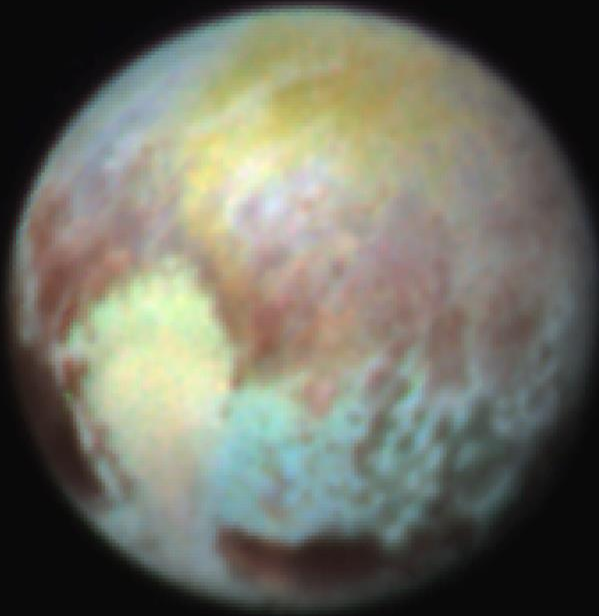


# Closest Approach On July 14, 2015





# Pluto and Charon



Pluto July 14, 2015



# Discovery and New Frontiers Status



# Discovery and New Frontiers

- ◆ Address high-priority science objectives in solar system exploration
- ◆ Opportunities for the science community to propose full investigations
- ◆ Fixed-price cost cap full and open competition missions
- ◆ Principal Investigator-led project



- ◆ Established in 1992
- ◆ **\$450M cap** per mission excluding launch vehicle and operations phase (FY15\$)
- ◆ Open science competition for all solar system objects, except for the Earth and Sun



- ◆ Established in 2003
- ◆ **\$850M cap** per mission excluding launch vehicle and operations phase (FY15\$)
- ◆ Addresses high-priority investigations identified by the National Academy of Sciences

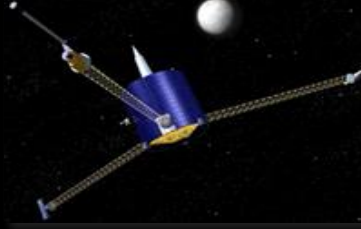
# Discovery Program

Completed

**Mars evolution:  
Mars Pathfinder (1996-1997)**



**Lunar formation:  
Lunar Prospector (1998-1999)**



**NEO characteristics:  
NEAR (1996-1999)**



**Solar wind sampling:  
Genesis (2001-2004)**



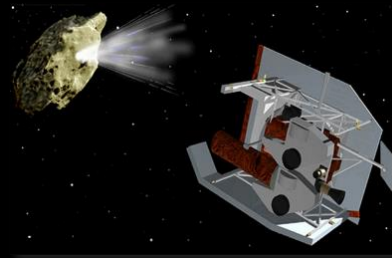
**Comet diversity:  
CONTOUR (2002)**



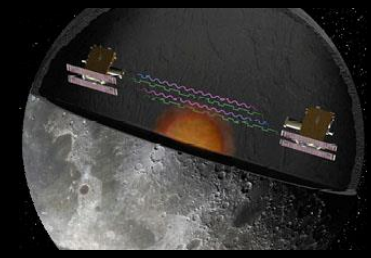
**Nature of dust/coma:  
Stardust (1999-2011)**



**Comet internal structure:  
Deep Impact (2005-2012)**

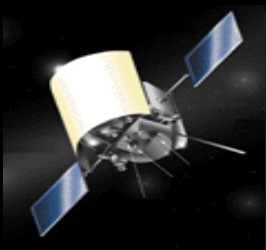


**Lunar Internal Structure  
GRAIL (2011-2012)**



Completed

**Mercury environment:  
MESSENGER (2004-2015)**



**Main-belt asteroids:  
Dawn (2007-2016)**



**Lunar surface:  
LRO (2009-TBD)**



**ESA/Mercury Surface:  
Strofiio (2016-TBD)**



**Mars Interior:  
InSight (2016-TBD)**



# Status of Discovery Program

## Discovery 2014 - Proposals in review for September Selection

- About 3-year mission cadence for future opportunities

## Missions in Development

- *InSight*: Launch window opens March 4, 2016
- Strofio: Delivered to SERENA Suite (ASI) for BepiColombo

## Missions in Operation

- *Dawn*: In orbit around Ceres as of March 6

## Missions in Extended Operations

- *MESSENGER*: Completed low altitude science operations before impact with Mercury
- *LRO*: In stable elliptical orbit, passing low over the lunar south pole.



# New Frontiers Program

1<sup>st</sup> NF mission  
New Horizons:

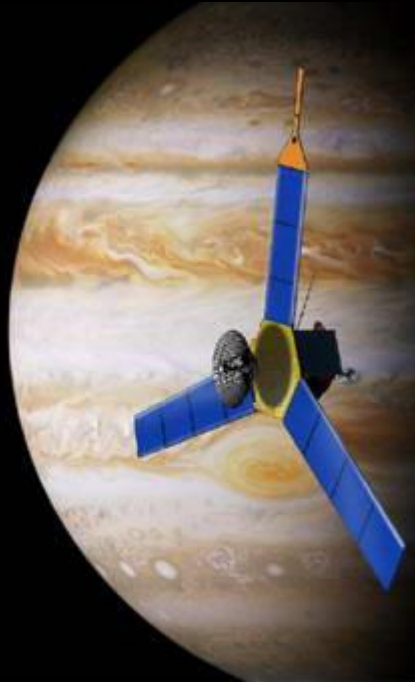
Pluto-Kuiper Belt



Launched January 2006  
Flyby July 14, 2015  
PI: Alan Stern (SwRI-CO)

2<sup>nd</sup> NF mission  
Juno:

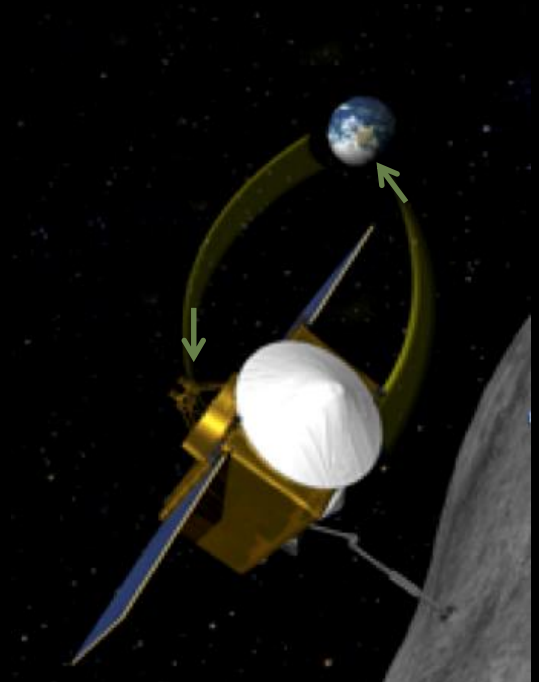
Jupiter Polar Orbiter



Launched August 2011  
Arrives July 2016  
PI: Scott Bolton (SwRI-TX)

3<sup>rd</sup> NF mission  
OSIRIS-REx:

Asteroid Sample Return



To be launched: Sept. 2016  
PI: Dante Lauretta (UA)

# Status of New Frontiers Program

Next New Frontiers AO - to be released by end of Fiscal Year 2016

- New ROSES call for instrument/technology investments released
- Candidate mission list and nuclear power sources under consideration

Missions in Development – OSIRIS-REx

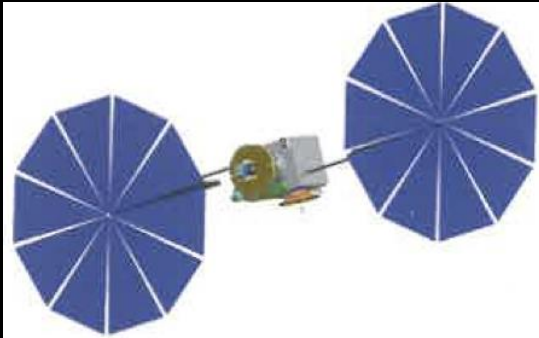
- Launch in Sept 2016 & encounter asteroid Bennu in Oct 2018.
- Operate at Bennu for over 400 days.
- Returns a sample in 2023 that scientists will study for decades with ever more capable instruments and techniques.

Missions in Operation

- New Horizons:
  - Pluto system encountered July 14, 2015
  - HST identified 2 KBOs beyond Pluto for potential extended mission
- Juno:
  - Spacecraft is 4.9 AU from the sun and 1.16 AU from Jupiter
  - Orbit insertion is July 4, 2016

# New Frontiers #4 Focused Missions

Comet Surface  
Sample Return



Lunar South Pole  
Aitken Basin Sample  
Return



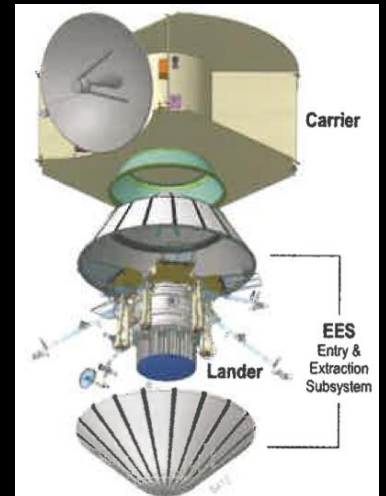
Trojan Tour &  
Rendezvous



Saturn Probes



Venus In-Situ Explorer

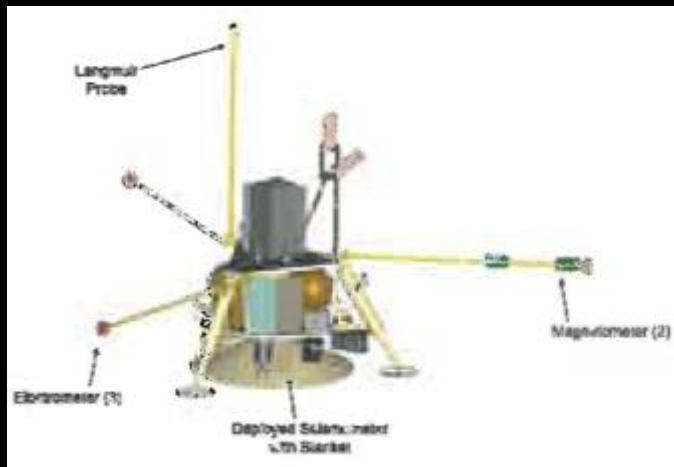




# New Frontiers #5 Focused Missions

- Added to the remaining list of candidates:

Lunar Geophysical Network



Io Observer

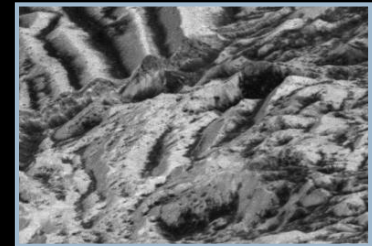
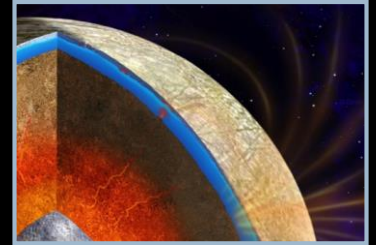


# Europa Activities

Now in Formulation (Phase A)

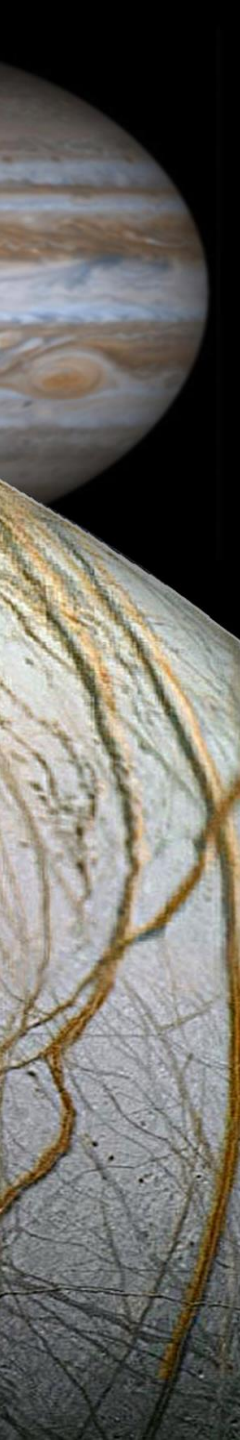
# Europa Multi-Flyby Mission Science Goal & Objectives

- **Goal: Explore Europa to investigate its habitability**
- **Objectives:**
  - **Ice Shell & Ocean:** Characterize the ice shell and any subsurface water, including their heterogeneity, ocean properties, and the nature of surface-ice-ocean exchange
  - **Composition:** Understand the habitability of Europa's ocean through composition and chemistry
  - **Geology:** Understand the formation of surface features, including sites of recent or current activity, and characterize high science interest localities
  - **Reconnaissance:** Characterize scientifically compelling sites, and hazards, for a potential future landed mission to Europa



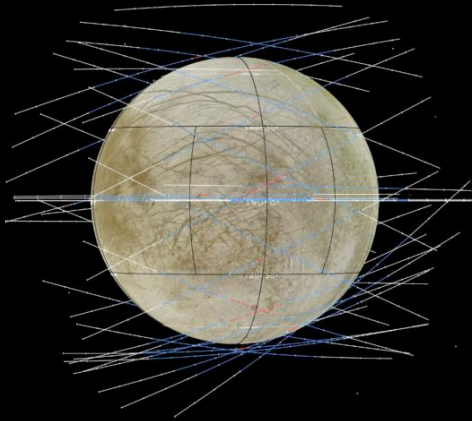


# Overview of Selected Proposals



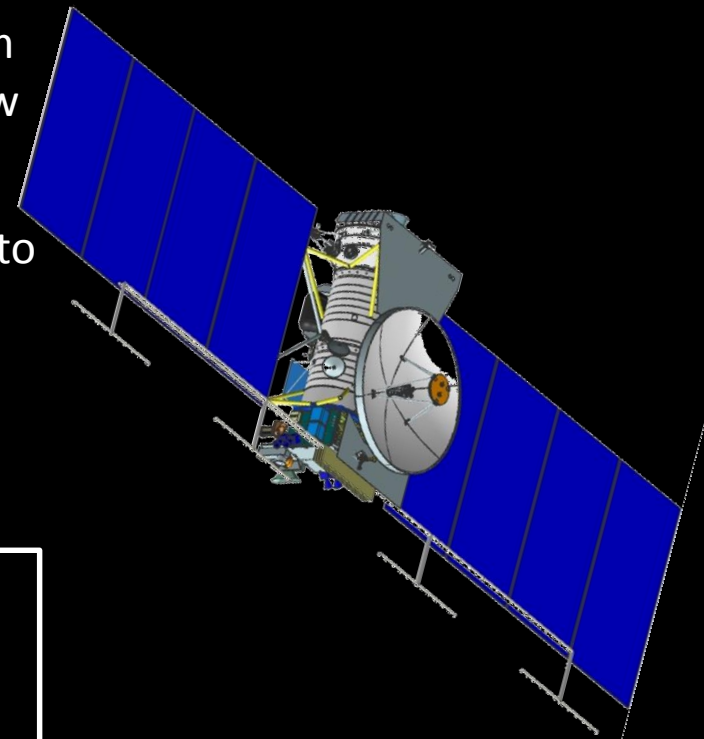
<b>Instrument Type</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>PI</b>	<b>instituion</b>
<b>Plasma</b>	<b>PIMS</b>	<b>Joseph Westlake</b>	<b>APL</b>
<b>Magnetometer</b>	<b>ICEMAG</b>	<b>Carol Raymond</b>	<b>JPL</b>
<b>Shortwave IR Spectrometer</b>	<b>MISE</b>	<b>Diana Blaney</b>	<b>JPL</b>
<b>Camera</b>	<b>EIS</b>	<b>Elizabeth Turtle</b>	<b>APL</b>
<b>Ice Penetrating Radar</b>	<b>REASON</b>	<b>Don Blankenship</b>	<b>Univ. Texas/JPL</b>
<b>Thermal Imager</b>	<b>E-THEMIS</b>	<b>Phil Christensen</b>	<b>ASU/Ball</b>
<b>Neutral Mass Spectrometer</b>	<b>MASPEX</b>	<b>Hunter Waite</b>	<b>SWRI</b>
<b>UV Spectrograph</b>	<b>E-UVS</b>	<b>Kurt Retherford</b>	<b>SWRI</b>
<b>Dust Analyzer</b>	<b>SUDA</b>	<b>Sascha Kempf</b>	<b>Univ. Colorado</b>

# Europa Multi-Flyby Mission Concept Overview



Science	
Objective	Description
Ice Shell & Ocean	Characterize the ice shell and any subsurface water, including their heterogeneity, and the nature of surface-ice-ocean exchange
Composition	Understand the habitability of Europa's ocean through composition and chemistry.
Geology	Understand the formation of surface features, including sites of recent or current activity, and characterize high science interest localities.
Recon	Characterize scientifically compelling sites, and hazards for a potential future landed mission to Europa

- Conduct 45 low altitude flybys with lowest 25 km (less than the ice crust) and a vast majority below 100 km to obtain global regional coverage
- Traded enormous amounts of fuel used to get into Europa orbit for shielding (lower total dose)
- Simpler operations strategy
- No need for real time down link



## Key Technical Margins

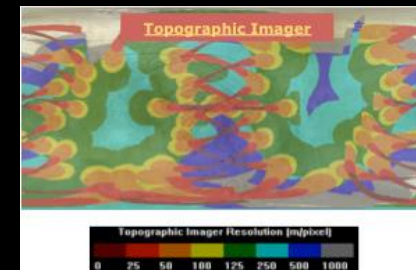
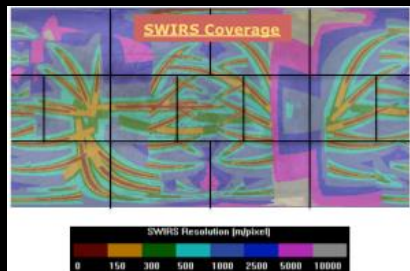
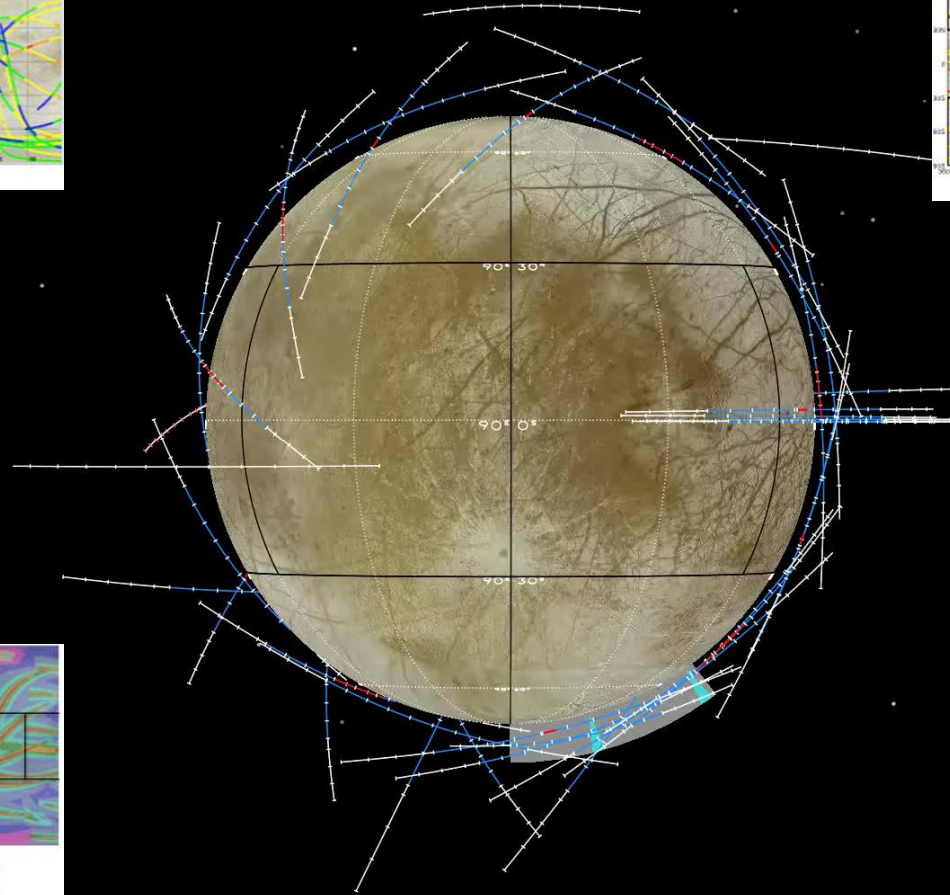
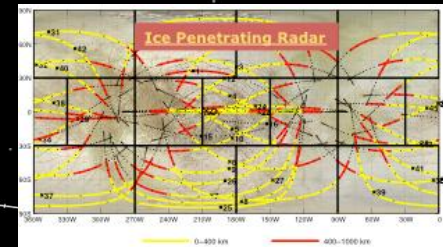
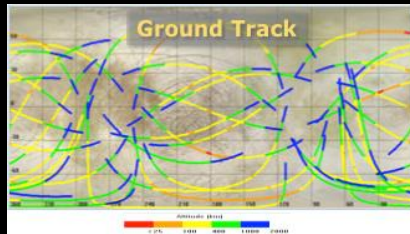
\*37 - 41%  
**Mass**

40%  
**Power**

\* Depends on Launch Opportunity and Launch Vehicle

# Europa Multi-Flyby Mission Coverage

## 13F7-A21 Trajectory



- Above 1,000 km → 2
- 250 km to 750 km → 6
- 80 km to 100 km → 9
- 50 km → 18
- 25 km → 10

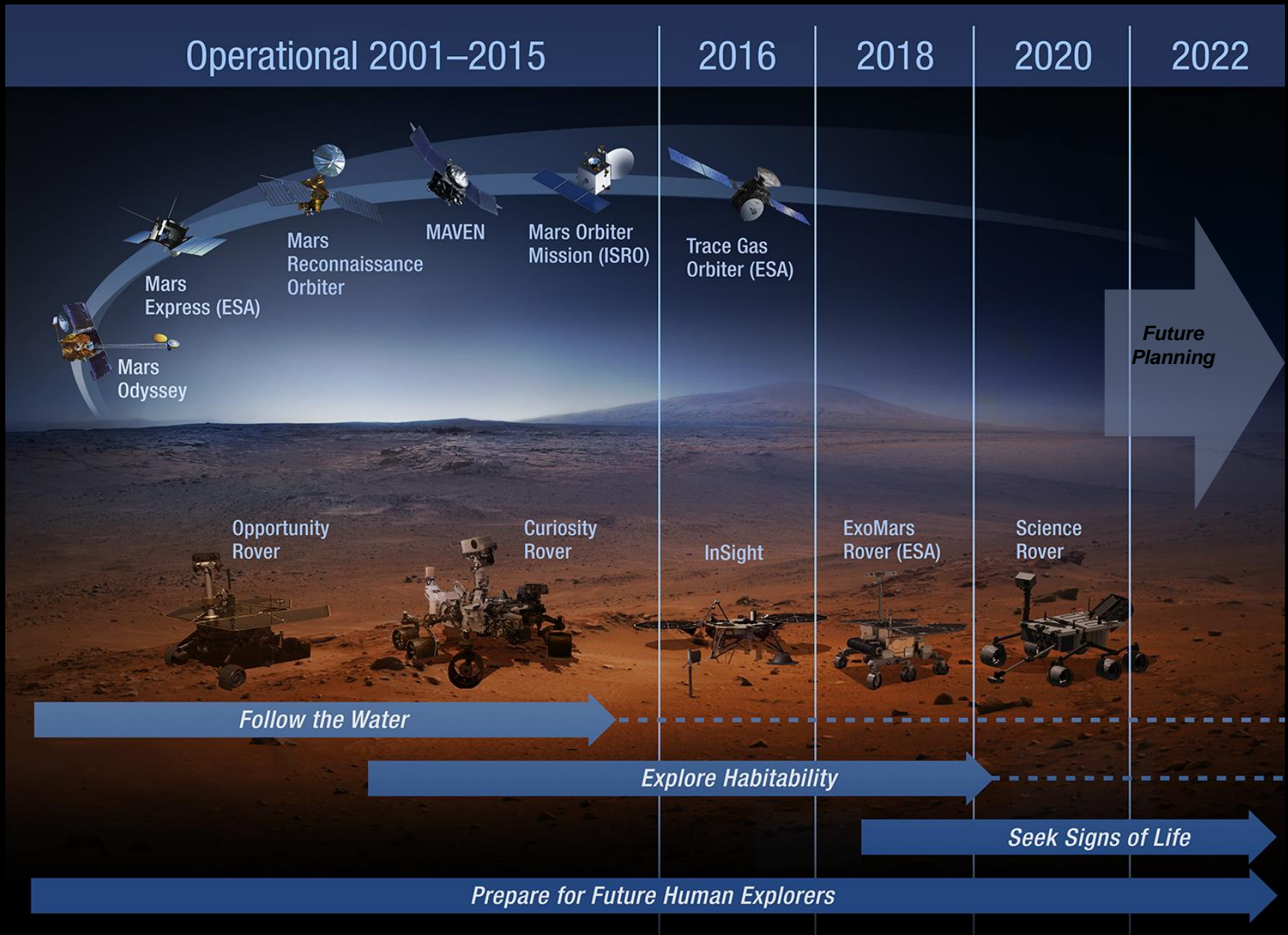
### Spacecraft Trajectory

- 25 km  $\leq r_{alt} \leq 50$  km
- 50 km  $< r_{alt} \leq 400$  km
- 400 km  $< r_{alt} \leq 1000$  km
- 1000 km  $< r_{alt} \leq 4000$  km

# Mars Exploration Program



# Mars Exploration in This Decade



# Mars 2020 Status Update

- Successfully completed Key Decision Point B (KDP-B) on May 20
- Agreements in place for international contributions
- Continued good progress in development and testing of heritage subsystems
- Competitively selected contractor for robotic arm
- Sampling & Caching System architecture defined
  - Development laboratory and test-bed established
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Landing Site Workshop in Aug 2015
- Flight system design freeze in Aug 2015
- Mission PDR Dec 2015

## A small satellite in space, emitting a beam of light.

- *Vehicle/environment Interactions, e.g. Atmospheric profiles – Density, Pressure, Winds*
- *Hypersonic Entry Guidance*
- *Landing Site Altitudes – EDL Design drivers*
- *Design for Landing Site “Roughness” – Slopes / Hazards*

- 

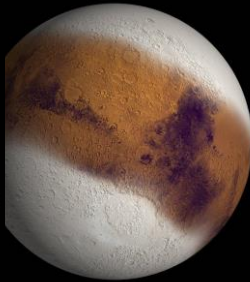
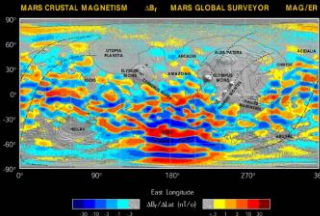
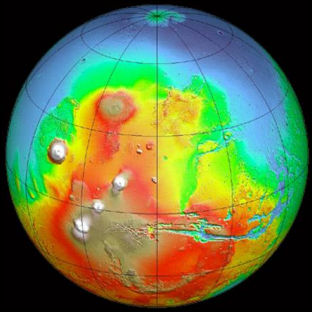
- *Wide-thermal range designs – Mechanical & Avionics*
- *Dust Accumulation Rates – Impacts on solar power systems*
- *Dust-tolerant Mechanisms*

- 

- **Learned:**
  - Relay strategies,  
Operations cadence
- **To Learn:**
  - Performance needed for  
Operational Video
  - Light-time delay for crew  
operations
  - Return flight from Mars to  
Earth
  - Orbital Rendezvous at Mars

# Science at Mars

Robotic missions have informed us on many of the fundamental mysteries of Mars, but there are still significant gaps in our understanding critical to future Human Exploration



## Mars Environment

- *Geodesy – global topography*
- *Geography – surface mineralogy*
- *Atmosphere - profile, content, wind, dust*
- *Thermal variations*

- **Learned:**
  - Surface map
  - Weather – general trends
  - Magnetics – remnant field persists but protective field gone
  - Climate change evidence points to potential for remnant ice
- **To Learn:**
  - Open SKGs
  - Phobos/Deimos characteristics

## Mars Resources

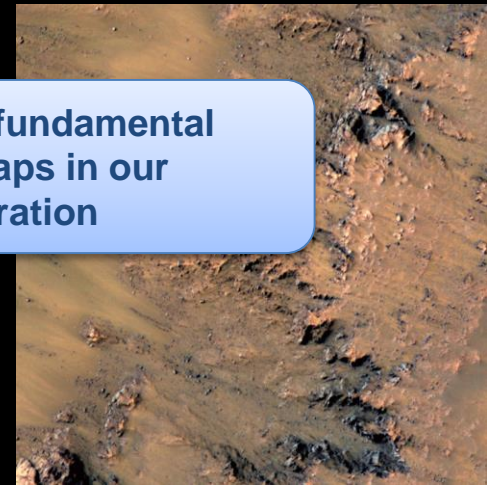
- *Surface ice – polar regions*
- *Frost build-up and sublimation*
- *Surface/subsurface flow – seasonal, consistent with brine, but how?*

- **Learned:**
  - Mars has extensive water ice resources
- **To Learn:**
  - Location & abundance of near subsurface ice, particularly at low latitudes
  - Cause and make-up of seasonal flows

## Mars Habitability

- *Water once flowed and was stable*
- *Methane gas variability observed*
  - *Biological?*
  - *Geochemistry?*
- *Search for remnant traces of chemical building blocks of life underway with MSL and M2020*

- **Learned:**
  - Mars was habitable – all the ingredients necessary found in ancient Gale Crater
- **To Learn:**
  - Extraterrestrial Life?
    - Possible in the past – but did it emerge?
    - Could there be life today?
  - Sample return - life, toxicity, back contamination
  - Implications for human explorers

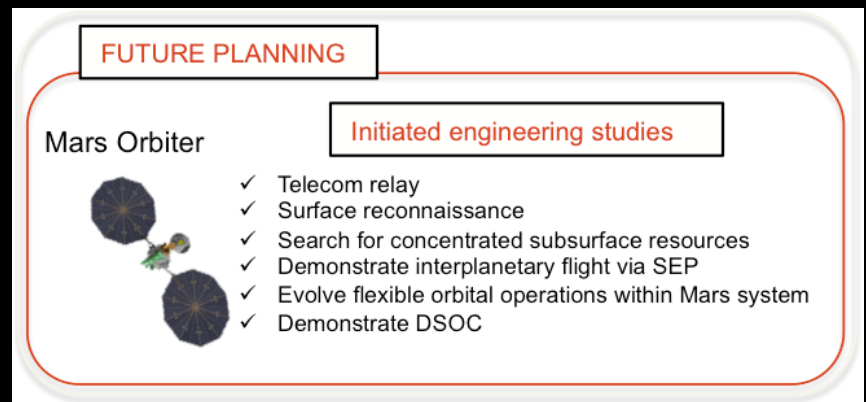




# Mars Future Missions Definition Status

- Multiple joint MEP/HEOMD/STMD trade studies in-work
  - Architecture Strategy
  - Human Landing Sites Workshop: October
    - Human Science Objectives Science Analysis Group
    - In-Situ Resource Utilization (ISRU)/Civil Engineering Working Group
  - Next Orbiter Science Analysis Group
  - Mars Surface/EDL pathfinder mission study
- Growing consensus emerging that science guided pathways provide natural precursor capability that could address early Exploration needs
  - Collaborating on Science/Exploration synergies to define and address next step priorities

An Orbiter appears to be the next logical step for MEP missions



# Questions?

